Official Journal of the City of Jackson

Official Journal for the Publication of the Laws of the

United States.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE

JACKSON, MISS.

Friday:::::::::: August 17, 1866.

We hope our cotemporaries of the Mississippi Press, will notice the Teacher's Convention, to be held here | ring the four years of war, are anxious | ciation. on the first Monday in September. The to see good feeling restored and the time is so short that we fear many country united. The most vindictive that the four thousand dollars has been the Convention, will not be apprised are those who staid at home and grew subject to the order of the Presidents is to collect all reliable information of the time of its meeting.

W. P. Brannan, the poet, painter and a thousand strings," died in Cincinnati on the 9th inst., of disease of the brain. The artis's of that city held a meeting and passed resolutions of regret.

The last news from North Carolina indicates the adoption of the new constitution by a small majority.

Eighty eight counties in Kentucky give Davall the conservative candidate for clerk of the court of appeals a majority of 44,483.

Gen. Rousseau will be re-elected to wounds of war should be healed and Congress from the Louisville district feelings of revenge, hate and uncharwithout opposition.

The cholera appears to be declining in New York and Philadelphia. In Cinciunati it is rapidly increasing its ravages In London during the week ending July 23rd, there were 346 deaths from this disease. It had created great alarm. The mortality in London is less than in Cincinnati during the last week. The disease is spreading in Germany and the eastern part of France and is absorbing the public mind almost as much as the late war.

decline selling Harper's Weekly. May | their newspapers and politicians, and we hope to see their example followed charged with the most infamous false-

Col. Matt. R. Cullen, a bookseller of St Louis, offers a prize of one hundred dollars for the best poem, the proceeds . to go to the Southern Relief Associa-

Gen. Andrews, of Massachusetts, \$30,000 in starting his cotton planting venture, but would give it up. He is the same result. so thoroughly disgusted with free negroes that he says he "fought four years to make the nigger free, and now was willing to fight the remainder of his land and negroes were considered the lifetime to put them in slavery again."

couraging for the friends of the Liberal in the struggle to raise cotton. The been compelled to evacuate Monterey new order of things. Land will not which is now occupied by Escobedo's be so valuable, for the want of labor forces. The latest news would indi- to cultivate it, and the surplus capital of cate that Tampico by this time is in the country will seek the most profita- tertained of such an event. possession of the Liberals. The gar- ble investment. No branch of indusrison were forced to the citadel, and try presents so many inducements as re-inforcements by way of the river manufacturing. Notwithstanding the effectually cut off by sinking a French impoverished condition of the South, been abandoned, and all Northern Mex- will be put in operation during the ico is now in the hands of the Liberals. | coming winter. In Georgia, alone, Unless Napoleon gives prompt and more than seventy mills for the manuenergetic assistance to Maximilian, the facture of cotton and woolen goods, government the Liberals may establish, are going up in Mississippi, and in but great hostility is felt by the major- each one of the Southern States, and ity of the Mexicans to French rule, and in a few years a large proportion of the nothing but French bayonets can keep cotton crop can be exported in manu-Maximilian on the throne.

anxious for a seat in Congress, but he than the North, because we save the resides in the same district with Gen. expenses of transportation: Manu-Banks, who is too rowerful with the factures will bring us population. Bacon quiet. Sugar advancing. Cofvoters to be superseded by the bottled wealth, and a degree of prosperity fee, Rio, steady. Rosin quiet and Suppose she receives the largest of an adjournment immediately after as an insurance agent: Provided, That if the heroof Bermula Hundreds. To get never before known in the country. to Congress Butler is building a splen. They will bring us equality of rights in did summer residence in the adjoining the Union, and independence. The district, and is a candidate for nomina- efforts to impoverish us by a high tariff Presidential candidate.

We learn from the Meridian Messenger of yesterday, that two young ladies from Mobile, who were on a visit to Mr. J. T. Ball's, at Meridian, were robbed on the night of the 14th, of their wearing apparel, jewelry, money, tive fustice, destroy their industry. &c. The theft is supposed to have been committed by negroes.

the most popular and distinguished never attempt to say anything about Republicans of that State, has written an able letter, in which he repudiates the Radicals and takes strong ground in favor of the President's policy and the representation of the Southern States.

Thomas J. Turner, of Illinois, chairman of the Central Republican Committee of the State, has resigned his position as chairman, because of his the President, that in Mississippi titley opposition to Congress, and announces | collect all their taxes out of the blacks."

his support of the President. Such defections from Radicalism are most encouraging to the friends of the Constitution, and indicate the de-

feat of that most infamous party. A company of United States Regulars were sent last week to Hernando. They remained from Monday until Friday morning, when they left for Memphis. The People's Press says they did no other damage than demolish a well bucket for a widow lady who was kind enough to let them use water from her well, and rob a hen roost. The gallant Captain promised to pay for these amusements, but on leaving,

this season.

forgot to foot the bill.

The Philadelphia Convention. The dispatches from Philadelphia,

are most encouraging, and indicate that the Convention will be a great success. The withdrawal of Vallandigham and Wood, will give great satisfaction to the Republican members. and deprive the Radicals of a strong sented, and the utmost harmony pre vails. The proposition to hold a convention, composed of the soldiers of both armies, to meet at some central point and confer together in a spirit of stand together in maintaining the Union | friends. and Constitution, met with great favor, and will be productive of most beneficial results. The honest, brave men of both sides, who fought gallantly durich by the war.

We believe the masses of the people named in the communication. Radical papers and politicians. A free States. interchange of opinion between the

soldiers of both sections, will do much to remove these prejudices and nationalize the Republic. It is the interest of the North and South, that the itabieness laid aside. The Philadelphia Convention is now the great hope of the country. The Jacobins of Congress have conspired to destroy the Constitutional freedom of the Government, break down the rights of the States and centralize supreme power in the hands of a Congressional directory. They have inaugurated a revolution. President Johnson, with a firmness and a consistency, worthy of all praise, has resisted their encroach ments to the extent of his power, and has thwarted many of their designs. The news dealers of Atlanta, Ga., For this, he has been denounced by hoods. Unless sustained by the peoto be seen if there is patriotism enough | night. in the North to preserve the country

from the dangers that surround it. The Convention has already carried trepidation to the Radical camp. Their ranks are thinned by the defechas been endeavoring to run a cotton while the extravagance and profligacy plantation in Issaquena county, Miss. of Congress has greatly demorslized He remarked a short time since to one the party. Every Democrat, without of his neighbors that he had expended exception, sustains the President, while hosts of moderate Republicans, tion. No better evidence can be furin every State, will unite to accomplish | nished of the falsity of the charge that

Southern Manufactures.

During the existence of slavery best investment for Southern capital. Improvements of almost every kind, The news from Mexico is most en- and manufactures, were overlooked factured fabrics, in place of the raw The notorious Ben. Butler is very material. We can manufacture cheaper

tion. The Springfield Republican and unequal taxation, will recoil on thinks Butler wants to go to Congress New England, and from tributaries we to ruin the prospects of Grant as a will become successful rivals. Not only reading in the House of Commons on over-estimate the quantity which Euwill manufactures make the South the second. prosperous and wealthy, but by supplying at home the demand for Northern goods, they will, in a corresponding degree, impoverish those who are now trying to oppress us, and by a retribu-

An Infamous Slander. Thomas Ewing, of Ohio, one of the most popular and distinguished have attempt to care attempt its new regime assumes to be par excellence the moral paper of Chicago in dently attacked with cholera morbus his issue of the 14th, urges as an argu- the past week, can attest to its almost

> it has the mendacity requisite for a procure the medicine without delay. radical editor. If he has ever seen Its prompt application will relieve pain our statutes he knows the charge is and, presumptively, save life. Take falte; if not he is not the less knave for asserting that of which he is ignorant. The laws of Mississippi make no discrimination between white and black in taxation, except that a special tax is collected from the latter to support the indigent of their own color, not a dollar of which can be usee for any other purpose. Although the black population of Mississippi in numbers about equals the white, their taxes will

We do not eqpect the Republican The Yazoo Commercial says steps either to attempt to prove or retract are being taken to rebuild the burnt his misrepresentation. It would not portion of Yazoo City. Quite a num- be in keeping with radical tactics. ber of brick honses will be erected They wish to conceal the truth and they were standing at the time were Express will meet you either at Byram or Clin- fall sick from the effects of bad water and reiterate falsehood.

be less than five per cent. of the whole

State taxes.

More Help for Mississippi Gov. Humphreys yesterday received the following communication, which

speaks for itself:

BALTIMORE, Aug. 1, 1866. Humphreys: Respectfully, MRS. JOHN H. B. LATROBE.

MRS. PEYTON HARRISON. MISS DORA HOFFMAN,

of the Boards of Police of the counties | concerning the growing crop and pub-

are honest; that the corruption and This makes nine thousand dollars author of the famous sermon "Harp of villainy of the Radical Congress will sent by the generous ladies of Baltibe exposed to the people, and that more for the relief of the destitute of nothing is wanting to insure a glorious our State. May Heaven bless these interest. With regard to these false es- convention of the soldiers of the North ration, who shall refine, produce, or distil triumph to the President, but the re- noble women! Their timely efforts timates, our anticipations have been and South is arranged to take place in petroleum, or rock oil or oil made of coal. moval of the prejudices of the North | have been the means of supplying ern people against us, maintained by bread to thousands of destitute widows to have been made up by gentlemen Confederate armies are active in this tiller. the misrepresentation and falsehood of and orphans in this and other Southern | who have traveled all over the cotton | work. It will be a movement co-ope-

Negro Suffrage. The States of Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and Rhode the following States: Colorado (Sept, unfavorable seasons; you have been work. these States decided against it by large

es sent from New Orleans in reference across the water, to which our atten | The great Wisconsin Senator adthe 10th August:

ple, he will be powerless. It remains barricade their houses during the we cultivated nearly three times the elicited a perfect storm of applause.

While the present police is compos- tivating this year. ed of thugs life is terribly insecure day. For the benefit of our planting were waved in the air, and the enthu-

This wilfull deliberate falsehood is sent from New Orleans, circulated in tion of many of their ablest leaders, the Radical papers as a fact, and copied by the Tribune of New Orleans the Radical organ of that city, for the purpose of giving it additional confirma-Union men are not safe in the South, than the fact that a paper like the Tribune, persistently misrepresenting the people of the South, and inciting the colored race to enmity and hatred for the whites, is published with impunity.

LATEST BY MAIL.

74; U.S. 5-20 bonds, 604.

iron clad in the channel. Saltillo has a great many enterprises of this kind There is no change to report in the land 76,831 bales. Multiply that ter of withdrawal was greeted with un-

empire is at an end. We have very many of them for calicoes, are now in the Emperor Napoleon that his de- above stock, as reported by Mr. telegram was received with storms of shall be regarded as a conveyancer. little confidence in the stability of any process of erection. Quite a number mand for the extension of his empire Laughland, of 24,380 bales. to the Rhine cannot be complied with: that the Prussian territory there situaed will never be ceded to France.

HALIFAX, Aug. 14 .- The steamer Cuba has arrived en route for Boston, with European dates to the 9th inst. Liverpool on the 3d at 14d. Winter red wheat 10s. 6d.@11s. Beef quiet and steady. Mess pork steady. steady. Turpentine inactive at 38@

suspension of the writ of habeas cor- in 1866.

CURE FOR CHOLERA. -A contributor

Dr. Hamlin, of Constantinople, saved undreds of lives by the following simple preparation, during the terrible the stock on hand on the 1st January, the ultimate success.

We scarcely find a Radical Journal In no case did the remedy fail where President Johnson, the freedmen or efficacious, should be always at hand. in misrepresentation and falsehood. for twenty five cents, and no family writer of this received the receipe a few nights since, and having been evi-

> from excruciating pain. He ardently hopes that every one whose eyes trace these lines will cut

One part camphorated spirit. Two parts tincture of ginger. Two parts capsicum. Dose-One tenspoonful in a wine glass of water. If the case is obstinate, eat the dose in three or four hours.

A man named Jones and his little son | with the Judges. were killed at Piqua, Ohio, the other day by a stroke of lightning. Perfect photographs of the trees under which imprinted upon their bodies.

[For the Clarion. Report of the Central Cotton Growing Association of Inckson. Mississippi. August 14th. 1866.

counties of Hinds, Madison, Carroll, Elder, of Natchez, that there is much 7,624 hands, cultivated 84,311 acres Gen. Dix was in the chair. suffering in the counties of Lawrence, in cotton and produced 46,631 bales argument against the Convention. Hancock, Harrison and Jackson, we of cotton. In 1866 they employ 3,495 Every State and Territory is repre- enclose to you in this letter a certificate hands and planted 32,222 acres in cotf deposit for four thousand dollars, ton. Of the number of acres planted which we ask of you to divide and this year a considerable amount has listribute between those four counties | been thrown out in consequence of the in such manner as will reach the most | continual rains, during the cultivating destirate and needy of our people. Be season; of the above number of plan- on terms of friendship has been signkind enough to let us know of the safe | ters about one-fifth report good stands arrival of this money, and believe how and the percentage of work per hand a few days. conciliation and a determination to warmly and truly we love our Southern as compared with 1860 does not exceed PVBIS, August 13.—The Constitubest and most reliable information in to compensation from Prussia, her pi of Baltimore Southern Relief Asso- months since, in consequence of a most interests of Germany and Europe. We are informed by the Governor greater portion of the State has suf- United States has preferred claims

The object of this Association, as

ments, which we then believed would sterling. be industriously and widely circulated. greatly to the prejudice of the planting States and whose figures are based rative upon the most reliable information. The planter knows how much importance to attach to estimates made up by Island, have constitutions allowing ing on railroad cars and spending a antine, having four cases on board. negro sugrage. In New York negroes few hours in the towns and villages; to vote must be owners of a free hold but these reports will have their effect esta'e worth \$250, 00. All the other teract them. We thefore earnestly State Constitutions so as to allow suf. and will be so received at home and ceiling rage to colored persons, was last year abroad. We know, as many have submitted to a vote of the people of informed us, that this year has been to the roof and obtained their view 3) Conneticut (Oct, 27) Wisconsin kept more closely at home and more The tout ensemble was truly impres-(Nov. 7) Minnesota (Nov 7.). All busily employed than ever before; but sive. now the crop is laid by and you have reports without further delay.

Among the infamous lying despatch- New York, and from thence, of course, continuous cheer. Union men are afraid to go out on down for 600,000 bales, about one half chusetts and South Carolina delegahe street after dark, and invariably as much as she produced in 1860, when tions entered the hall arm in arm, number of acres in cotton, we are cul- Every person on the floor rose to his

> friends, we publish the following cal- siasm of the audience evinced their culations, based upon information hearty fraternization, and their enwhich we deem reliable, and which we dorsement of the President's policy. July 18, 1866, Mr. S. G. Laughland to realize that the work was done. of Liverpool, reports the following, After the vice prssident and secreta-

Stock on hand. American afloat. All other descriptions afloat 646,000

Number of bales, In the New Orleans Picayune, of cording to the custom in the United the 12th inst., under the head of "Dis- States Senate. The mistake created LONDON. Aug. 14 -- Evening Ad- cipation of Another Delusion," we considerable merriment, and was recause. The forces of Maximilian have destruction of slavery will introduce a vices have been received from the find the following: In 1850 the week-Continent indicating the probable re ly consumption of England was 29,125 had been Steadman's correct title. newal of war between the Prussians bales; in 1860 it was increased to 48, and Bavarians, upon the territory of 253 bales; and in the same ratio, we the rejected delegates were admitted the late power, and great fears are en- add, in 1866 the consumption will in- to honorary seats. In other instances rights, shall be regarded as a patent-right crease to 59,717 bales per week. Add | double delegations will be admitted, | dealer, The following are the official quota- to this (which we find in the Liver- and this, the only stumbling block in tions in stock exchange at the close of pool Cotton Brokers Association the way of success, has been entirely business today: Consols for money, Weekly Circular, May 31st, 1866.) 17,- removed, to the satisfaction of every 124, the actual weekly report, makes party concerned. LIVERPOOL, Ang. 14 .- Evening- the quantity required weekly by Engcotton market. Prices are firm, and amount by 20 (which is the number of bounded applause. The author was the sales to-day amounted to 10,000 weeks from the 18th of July to the 5th far greater in his modest absence than dollars. Every person, other than one hav-

LONDON, Aug. 14.-Noon-The 1,536,620, leaving a balance on hand presence. Prussian Government has informed on the 5th of December, '66, of the To continue the calculation, if Eng-

land requires 76,831 bales per week increase of machinery, 3,995,212 bales. We have seen various estimates of the Middling upland cotton was quoted quantity of cotton which England will deas, Brazil and all other countries, other than America. These estimates This committee reports to-morrow, vary from 1,800,000 to 2,800,000 bales. and the general feeling is in favor of these estimates in 1869-2,800,000 wards. bales; deduct it from the amount re-London advices state that there are quired (3,995,212 bales) and it leaves et three hundred and twenty Fenians a deficiency of 1,295,212 bales, a Whittaker and Alex. Beal. ELA. larger amount, we honestly believe, The bill for the continuance of the than will be made in the United States

pus in Ireland passed to a second In order to prove that we do not rope will require in 1867, we annex the following figures taken from a reliable source: "In 1860 the total supble data by which we can ascertain stored. My faith is unshaken as to raging of cholers in that city a few bales, which, deducted from the above, 761, we suppose it to have been 650,000 leaves 3,843,500 as the amount con-

the Southern people but they abound An ordinary phial of it can be had market early in the season. Our ad- of the most diabolical crimes known in the sum of one thousand dollars, or who The Chicago Republican, which under should be without it over night. The you are compelled to-wait until the beautiful lady, in the eastern part of paration for ment agai ist the restoration policy of magical influences in affording relief is King, but we do know the world leave. On her way home he overtook cannot very conveniently do with out it, and will be compelled to pay prices better than the present before the 1st Janter than the pre Whatever else the Republican lacks out the article from the paper, and nary, '67. S. P. BALEY, President succeeded in his hellish design. After Cotton Growing Association.

J. W. Robinson, Secretary.

LORD BROUGHAM .- This anecdote is told of Lord Brougham: The noble Lord was pleading before the Court of Queen's Bench, and was then brought before the young lady had labored in vain for some hours to who identified him as being the person, convince the Judges of the force of his and he immediately acknowledged. arguments. He was much irritated at The brother of the lady then shot him his failure, and had already begun to killing him almost instantly. This is grumble at their dullness, when the the right way to serve all such scamps. The spring months, March, April time for recess came on, Lord Broug. ad May, are the months to purify the blood, ham went out, and was soon seen prepare the system to guard against the drinking the last drop of two pints of ravages of disease. The voice of nature calls porter. "That's a bad thing to do," kissed her cow, but she knows of many on the science and skill of man to prepare said one of his friends, who noticed the the remedies; and we have them in Roback's act; "it will make you stupid." It's kissed very great calves. Blood Pills, Blood Purifier, and Stomach just what I'm trying to be," was the sarcastic reply; "I shall now be able to discuss my case more successfully

> leasant and healthy retreat, McLean & Co's ton, on the arrival of the trains at those places. bad air.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special to the New Orleans Crascent. PHILADETPHIA, August 15, 12 M .-To this date only 323 planters of the The Convention was called to order at noon. The wigwam was crowded Copiah, Claiborne and Scott have re- with delegates and spectators. A DEAR SIR :- Hearing from Bishop ported. This number in 1860 employed large number of ladies were present.

Mr. Blair, from the committee on rganization, announced Senator Doolittle for President, which was received with great applause.

Berlin, August, 13 .- A treaty of alliance between Prussia and the German Governments with which she is ed by several, and will be by others in

two-thirds or 66 per cent. From the tional says while France has the right our possession, we feel safe in stating true interests is not in insignificant that the crop of Mississippi will be less territorial aggrandizement, but to sid Committee for the State of Mississip- by one half than was anticipated two the reorganization of Germany for the

against certain persons in France, who have disposed of public property gentlemen who would like to attend and truculent of the Northern people, deposited with the State Treasurer, stated in our circular of the 1st May, belonging to the Southern Confedera-

> LONDON, August 13 .- W. Bates, lish it to the world, with the hope of iron master of Tunstad, has failed .-

The cholera is rapidly decreasing. Philadelphia, Aug. 15.—A national more than realized; almost daily our September in in Cincinnati. attention is called to them, purporting Leading officers of the Union and ing oil, shall be regarded as a coal oil dis-

NEW YORK, Aug. 15 .- The Bavaria has just arrived from Southampton. first time seen a cotton stalk), travel the passage. She is detained at quar-Philadelphia, Aug. 15 .- The con-

vention assembled to-day under the most auspicious circumstances. states limit the ballot to white per- entreat the planters of Mississippi to been improved, and the gigantic au-The question of amending the send in their reports. They are reliable dience filled the building from floor to Persevering individuals clambered

one of great trial to you on account of through the openings in the cornice

When the committee on organization leisure, we expect you to send in your reported the name of J. R. Doolittle for permanent President, the enthusi-

2,600,000 bales, putting Mississippi of the previous day, when the Massafeet, hats, handkerchiefs and papers

think proves most conclusively that | When Mr. Doolittle supposed the by the first of January, 1867, the sup- whole population of the United States ply now on hand in Europe, including to be present at the deliberations, and all affoat, will be exhausted-and fur- expressing their concurrence in the ther, that the supply for the year 1867 | movement, every heart beat joyously

which is published in the New Or- ries, (prominent among whom were leans Price Current of the 11th inst.: Cuthbert Bullitt and Alex. Walker,) 880,000 of every State had taken their positions . \$5,000 on the stand, General Steadman presented a report on credentials. President Doolittle announced the

general as the Senator from Ohio, ac-

In three cases of contested election,

The reading of Vallandigham's let-

The reading of President Johnson's

heartfelt applause. A motion by Colonel Babcock that an address to the people of the United

require for the year 1867, without any New England birth be spread on the otherwise, receiving compensation therefor, minutes of the convention, was adopted without dissent. John Ray and Joshua Baker, of receive the present year, from the In- Louisiana, have been appointed members of the committee on resolutions.

> The Louisiana delegation has been increased by the presence of W. R.

The following dispatch was received from the President: WASHINGTON, Aug. 14, 1866.

Hon. O. H. Browning and Hon. A. W. Randall, Convention, Philadelphia: I thank you for your cheering and encouraging dispatch. The finger of to the National Intelligencer has the ply in Europe was 1,797,400,000 Providence is unerring and will guide pounds, equal to 4,493,500 bales of you safely through. The people must 400 pounds each. Having no relia- be trusted, and the country will be re- person shall be deemed an auctioneer whos

> ANDREW JOHNSON. A HORRIBLE OUTRAGE. -The followlug is from the Sumpter, Ga. Republi-

pelled to throw their cotton on the name of Charles Fagan committed one otherwise provided for, exceeding annually vice is to hold on-sue no more than our land on the person of a young and shall be engaged in the manufacture or pre two and a half million bale estimates this county. We refrain from giving with his own name or trade-mark thereon are exploded—until our friends across her name. She was on a visit to a any articles or compound, shall be regarded the waters knows truly the extent of neighbor's when the negro saw her as a manufacturer. our crop. We do not believe Cotton enter the house, and waited for her to accomplishing his purposes he threat-en to cut her throat, but by her en-lie conveyance, the fourth class, and shall treaties and promising to say nothing pay ten dollars. Any person, except persons about the matter, he desisted. He

then made his escape, but was pursued and overtaken near Sumpter City. He

An analising dame reports that she had heard of but one old woman who thousands of young ones who have gunpowder, delivering and selling at whole-

thousands of young ones who have kissed very great calves.

Thousands in the West place their confidence in the Red Jacket Bitters, because they are aware that itsecures health to families who dwell in unhealthy districts, and that those thus situated who do not use it fall sick from the effects of bad water and bad air.

gunpowder, delivering and selling at whole-sale any of said articles, by themselves or their authorized agents, at places other than the place of manufacture, shall not therefor be required to pay any special tax: Provided farther, That persons who sell shell or other fish, or both, travelling from place to place, and not from any shop or stand, shall be required to pay five dollars only; and no special tax shall be imposed for selling shell or other fish from hand-carts or wheelbarrows.

Thirty-three. Apothecaries shall pay ten dollars. Every person who keeps a shop or COOPER'S WELL.-If you wish to go to this lies who dwell in unhealthy districts, and

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

Passed at the first session of the Thirty-ninth Congress.

[OFFICIAL.]

[PUBLIC-No. 111.] THE TAX LAW.

AN ACT to reduce internal taxation and to amend an act entitled "An act to provide internal revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," approved June 30, 1864, and acts amendatory thereof. [CONTINUED.]

Seventeen. Brewers shall pay one hundred dollars. Every person, firm, or corporation who manufactures fermented liquors of any name or description, for sale, from malt, wholly or in part, or from any substitute dollars. Any person, firm, or corporation therefor, shall be deemed a brewer: Provided, whose business it is to manufacture eigars, That any person, firm, or corporation, who manufactures less than five hundred barrels per year, shall pay the sum of fifty dollars.

unprecedented drouth. by which the greater portion of the State has sufpart thereof Every person, firm, or corpoilled spirits or wine by any process, or who, mixing distilled spirits or wine with any five dollars only, any existing law to the materials, manufactures any spurious, imitation, or compound liquors for sale, under the name of whiskey, brandy, gin, rum, wine, counteracting the many false state- His liabilities amount to £500,000 "spirits," or "wine bitters," or any other name, shall be regarded as a rectifier.

Nineteen. Coal oil distillers and distillers of burning fluid and camphene shall pay fifty dellars. Any person, firm, or corposphaltum, shale, peat, or other bituminous substances, or shall manufacture illuminat-

Twenty. Keepers of hotels, inns, or taverns, shall be classified and rated according to the yearly rental, or, if not rented, ac- Every building, tent, since or area, where cording to the estimated yearly rental of the house and property intended to be so theatrical performances are exhibited, shall occupied as follows, to-wit: when the rent be regarded as a circus: Frorum Chat un gentlemen (some of whom have for the first time seen a cotton stalk), travel dollars, or less, they shall pay ten dollars; and if exceeding two hundred dollars, for any additional one hundred dollars or fracnal part thereof in excess of two hundred dollars, five dollars: Provided, That a payment of such special tax shall be construed The proprietors or agents of all other paid the animals of such travellers or sojourners lace where food and lodging are provided for and farnished to travellers and sojourners | State. for pay shall be regarded as a hotel, inn, or taverus, and eating houses, in which liquors alley or table. Every place or building are sold by retail, to be drank upon the where bowls are thown or billiards played twenty-five dollars. The yearly rental shall shall be regarded as a bowling alley or bil be fixed and established by the assistant as liard room, respectively. Of the many false reports sent to asm of the meeting burst out in one than the actual rent agreed on by the par- Every person, firm, or corporation who shall

> tioned in this paragraph shall be subject to sideration of the purchase by any person of a penalty therefor of double the amount of any other article or thing, shall be regarded pay ten dollars. Every place where food or refreshments of any kind, not including spirits, wines, ale, beer, or other malt liquors are provided for easual visitors and sold for amption therein, shall be regarded as an cating house. But the keeper of an eatingise, having paid the tax therefor, shall not be required to pay a special tax as a confectioner, snything in this [act] to the con trary notwithstanding. And keepers of hotels, inns, taverns, and eating-houses, having

bacco, snuff, or eigars on the same premises, will fall very far short of the demand. at the thought, and every mind seemed anything in this act to the contrary not with-Twenty-two. Confectioners shall pay ten llars. Every person who sells at retail confectionery, sweetmeats, comfits, or other confects, in any building, shall be regarded as a confectioner. But wholesale and retail dealers, having paid the special tax therefor, shall not be required to pay the special tax as a confectioner, anything in this act to the

contrary notwithstanding.

paid the special tax therefor, shall not be re-

quired to pay additional tax for selling to-

Twenty-three. Claim agents and agents for procuring patents shall pay ten dollars. ery person whose business it is to prosecute claims in any of the executive departments of the federal government, or procure | perform surgical operations for the cure of patents, shall be deemed a claim or patent igent, as the case may be. Twenty-four, Patent-right dealers shall pay ten dollars. Every person whose business it is to sell, or offer for sale, patent-

Twenty-five. Real estate agents shall pay ten dollars. Every person whose business it is to sell or offer for sale real estate for thers, or to rent houses, stores, or other buildings or real estate, or to collect rent for others, except lawyers paying a special tax as such, shall be regarded as a real estate

Twenty-six. Conveyancers shall pay ten of December,) and it will amount to great abilities could have made his ing paid the special tax as a lawyer or claim agent, whose business it is to draw deeds. bonds, mortgages, wills, writs, or other legal papers, or to examine titles to real estate,

Twenty-seven. Intelligence office keepers shall pay ten dollars. Every person whose business it is to find or furnish places of employment for others, or to find or furnish for consumption and export, she will States from Southern delegates of servants upon application in writing or shall be regarded as an intelligence office

Twenty-eight. Insurance agents shall pay ten dollars. Any person who shall act a agent of any fire, marine, life, mutual, or other insurance company or companies, or any person who shall negotiate or procure insurance for which he receives any commis sion or other compensation, shall be regarded annual receipts of any person as such agent shall not exceed one hundred dollars, he shall pay five dollars only: And provided further. That no special tax shall be imposed upon any person for selling tickets or contracts of insurance against injury to persons while travelling by land or water.

Twenty-nine. Foreign insurance agents shall pay fifty dollars. Every person who shall act as agent of any foreign fire, marine, life, mutual or other insurance company or companies shall be regarded as a foreign insurance agent.

do not exceed ten thousand dollars, shall pay ten dollars, and if exceeding ten thousand dollars shall pay twenty dollars. Every business it is to offer property at public sale to the highest or best bidder: Provided, That the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to judicial or executive officers mak ing auction sales by virtue of any judgment or deeree of any court, nor public sales made by or for executors, administrators, or guar-dians of any estate held by them as such. Thirty-one. Manufacturers shall pay ten We know that many planters in Mississippi, from necessity, will be compelled to throw their cotton on the pelled to throw their cotton on the

> rated as follows, to-wit: When travelling lars; when travelling with one horse, or mule, the third class, and shall pay fifteen peddling only charcoal, newspapers, magazines, bibles, religious tracts, or the products of his farm or garden, who sells or offers to sell, at retail, goods, wares, or other com-modities, travelling from place to place in the town or through the country, shall be regarded a peddler: Provided, That any ped-dler who sells, or offers to sell, distilled spirits, fermented liquors or wines, dry-goods foreign or domestic, by one or more original packages or pieces, at one time, to the same person or persons, or who peddles jewelry, shall pay fifty dollars: Provided further, That manufacturers and producers of agricultural tools and implements, garden seeds, fruit and ornamental trees, stoves and hollow ware, brooms, wooden ware, charcoal, and

building where medicines are compounded or prepared according to prescriptions of physicians, or where medicines are sold, shall be regarded as an apothecary. But whole-sale and retail dealers, who have paid the special tax therefor, shall not be required to pay a tax as an apothecary; nor shall apothe-oaries who have paid the special tax be re-quired to pay the tax as retail dealers in li-

quer in consequence of selling alcohol, or of selling or of dispensing, upon physicians' prescriptions, the wines and spirits officinal in the United States and other national pharmacopæias, in quantities not exceeding half a pint of either at any one time, nor exceeding in aggregate cost value the sum of three hundred dollars per annum.

hundred dollars per annum.

Thirty-four. Photographers shall pay ten dollars. Any person who makes for sale photographs, ambrotypes, daguerreotypes, or pictures, by the action of light, shall be regarded a photographer.

Thirty-five. Tobacconists shall pay ten dollars. Any person firm or correction. lollars. Any person, firm, or corporation

snuff, or tobacco in any form, shall be regarded a tobacconist. Thirty-six. Butchers shall pay ten dollars. Eighteen. Rectifiers who shall rectify any quantity of spirituous liquors, not exceeding five handred barrels, packages, or casks, containing not more than forty gallons to each barrel, package, or cask, shall pay twentyfive dollars; and twenty-five dollars additional for each additional five hundred such barrels, packages, or each correspondent to packages, or each correspondent to packages, or each correspondent to packages. barrels, packages, or casks, or any fractional further. That butchers who sell butchers' meat exclusively by themselves or agents, ration, who rectifies, purifies, or refines distravelling from place to place, and not from any shop or stand, shall be required to pay

> Thirty-seven. Proprietors of theatreeums, and concert balls, shall pay one hun dred dollars. Every edifice used for the purpose of dramatic or operatic or other repre sentations, plays, or performances, for admission to which entrance money is received, not including halls rented or used occasionally for concerts or theatrical representations, shall be regarded as a theatre: Previded, That when any such edifice is under lease at the passage of this act the tax shall lated between the parties to said lease.

contrary notwithstanding.

Thirty-eight. The proprietor or proprietors of circuses shall pay [one | hundred dollars. exhibitions from the tax in another Sare And but one special tax shall be imposed for exhibitions within any one State

Thirty-nine. Jugglers shall pay twenty dollars. Every person who performs by sleight of hand shall be regarded a a juggler. to permit the person so keeping a hotel, inn, exhibitions or shows for money, not chance or tavern, to furnish the necessary food for ated in this section, shall pay ten dollars Provided, That a special tax pand in one State without the payment of an additional spe- shall not exempt exhibitions from the tax in cial tax as a livery stable keeper. Every another State. And but one special tax shall be required for exhibitions within one

Forty. Proprietors of bowling alleys and tayern: Provided, That keepers of hotels, billiard rooms shall pay ten dollars for each premises, shall pay an additional tax of and open to the public with or without price,

sessor of the proper assessment district at | Forty-one. Proprietors of gift enterprises its proper value; but if rented, at not less shall pay one hundred and fifty dollars ties. All steamers and vessels, upon waters | sell or offer for sale any real estate or article of the United States, on board of which pas- of merchandise of any description whatsoto the late riot, the following was published in the Indianopolis Gazette on lished in the Indianopolis Gaze sengers or travellers are provided with food ever, or any ticket of admission to any eithiulent return concerning the actual rent men- stowal of any article or thing for and in conas the proprietor of a gift enterprise: Prorided. That no such proprietor, in consequence of being thus taxed, shall be exempt from GENERAL COMMISSION, RECEIVING paying any other tax imposed by law, and ne special tax herein required shall be in addition thereto.

Forty-two. Owners of stallions and jacks shall pay ten dollars. Every person who April13dtian 67 keeps a horse or a jack for the use of marcs, requiring or receiving pay therefor, shall be regarded as the owner thereof, and shall fornish a statement to the assessor or assistant assessor, which shall contain a brief description of the animal, its age, and place or places where used or to be used: Provided. That all accounts, notes, or demands for the use of any such horse or jack, the owner or keeper thereof not having paid the tax as aforesaid, shall be void.

Forty-three. Lawyers shall pay ten dellars. Every person who for fee or reward shall prosecute or defend causes in any court of record or other judicial tribunal of the United States or of any of the States, or whose business it is to give legal advice in relation to any cause or matter whatever, shall be deemed to be a lawyer. Forty-four. Physiciaus, surgeons, and den

tists shall pay ten dollars. Every person (except apothecaries) whose business it is, for fee and reward, to prescribe remedies or any bodily disease or ailing, shall be deemed physician, surgeon, or dentist. Forty-five. Architects and civil engineers shall pay ten dollars. Every person whose business it is to plan, design, or superintend

the construction of buildings, or ships, or of roads, or bridges, or canals, or railroads, shall be regarded as an architect and civil engineer: Provided, That this shall not include a practical carpenter who labors on a build-

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

LEGAL NOTICES.

PROCLAMATION ! BENJ. G. HUMPHREYS, Governor authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of said State, do issue this, my Proclamation, convening the Legislature of the State of Mississippi at the Cavitol in the Mississippi at the Cavitol in the State of Mississippi at the Cavitol in the Mississippi at the Cavitol in the Ca Proclamation, convening the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, at the Capitol, in the city of Jackson, on Monday the 15th day of October, A. D. 1866, at the hour of 12

hereunto set my hand, and caused the Great Scal of the State of Mississippi to be affixed, at the Executive Office, in the city of Jackson, this 15th day of August, A. D. 1866. BENJ. G. HUMPHREYS. By the Governor :

PROCLAMATION.

C. A. BROUGHER, Sec'y of State. angliditd.

Three Hundred Bollars Reward.

WHEREAS, It appears by information, received by me, that WM. TUCKER tands charged with the murder of a Freedman in Warren county, and is still at large. Now, therefore, I, Benj. G. Humphreys, Governor of the State of Mississippi, do offer the above reward for the arrest and delivery of said Tucker to the Sheriff of Warren count and I do moreover, require all officers of this State, to be diligent in their efforts to arrest said fugitive. And three hundred dollars for the apprehension and conviction of his accom-- Crabtree, James Cates, and Lyman, or one hundred dollars for either of

Given under my hand and the Great L.S. Seal of the State of Mississippi affixed, at Jackson, this 6th day of August, BENJ. G. HUMPHREYS.

By the Governor. C. A. BROUGHER, Sec'y of State. DESCRIPTION. William Tucker is about 21 years of age, handsome, smooth face; 5 feet, 11 inches in hight, stout built; dark hair, and black eyes. Vicksburg Herald, Yazoo Commercial and

Canton Citizen copy.

\$200 Reward

WHEREAS, It appears by information re-ceived by me, that RICHARD FREE-MAN stands charged with the murder of THOMAS B. DOUGLAS, committed in Pontotoc county, Mississippi, or the 9th day of July, 1866, and is still at arge: Now therefore, I, Benj. G. Humphreys, Governor of the State of Mississippi, do offer efforts to arrest said fugitive.

By the Governor: C. A. BROUGHER, Sect'y of State. DESCRIPTION

Richard Freeman is 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, weighs about 150 pounds, has black hair, black whiskers and eyes, and dark complexion, and has a bad countenance—is some 25 or 28 years old; is fond of, and plays on the violin; is fond of liquor, but does not often get drunk; generally dresses well; often get drunk; generally dresses well; speaks in a low and rather quick tone of voice,

and usually in a friendly and obliging manner.
He will n ost likely endeaver to go to Texas or \$1,168 R. ward! PONTOTOC COUNTY, MISS., In addition to the reward of \$200, offered b

the Governor, we, the undersigned subscrib-ers, promise to pay the sums severally annexed to our names, for the apprehension and de-livery of Richard Freeman to the Sheriff of Pontotoc county, Miss, [Signed,]

ANN DOUGLAS, \$500 00

STATIONERY INRAEL PUTNAM.

PUTNAM & MALO

BOOKS AND STATIONES

TRET CLARS BOOK In the Gulf City!

civiles solicited and promptly plus TERMS CASH PITNAM & MAL

H: G MCLINTOC.

cecesors to Julius Hessee & to, is peiving and Forwarding Business Receiving, Forwarding and

BAARCKE & KIRNCKE Merchant Taile

Mabile tia F. E. KLUMPH & CO. FORWARDING MERCHAND

ENERAL COMMISSION MERCES Office No. 10, St. Michael Street

MOBILE, ALA. Will give prompt attention to all business; ed to our care, and will advance on Cotton Sr a mont to New York, Liverpool or France.

Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES, GERMAN FROM LIQUORS, WINES, CIGARS, &c. South West Corner Water & Coutl Son

AWES PLDER. ELDER & ESLAVA Successor to O. MAZANOF. Importers and Dealers in HARDWARE, CUTLERY A AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTA

Beiling and Agricultural Implements, of all an Builders' Hardware, of the best and latest es Pocket and Table Cutlery, both American and hillsh; (Erpensers' Backemithe Taxors' and Thy Tools; Tin Ware, Stoves, Hellow Ware, House's

BUSH, GREER & BOGLE, AND GENERAL

CANTON HOTEL Near the Depot, Canton Miss., by

with comfortable and well furnished room

HATCH, WEAVER PELT & CO. JNO. F. MERRILL. J. PERCIVAL. W. G. SEMPLI JOHN F. MERRILL & CO., MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS I

No. 16 Main bereet aug7devod3m. CINCINNATI, OH10 DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY

THE TWO STORY RESIDENCE now cost and Amite streets—one of the most desirable not tions in the City. The house is large, comparable not the most desirable not the comparable not the city. The house is large, comparable not comparabl ly new, and conveniently arranged, is furnish with gas fixtures; has a good distern, kitches as servant rooms. Also for sale, a let 20X100 feet out the convenient of the conv stable, on opposite side of street, adjoining was ington House. All of which can be had at a refigrent burgain. For further particulars apply to be underwised or J. J.

Cotton, and will buy in lots of from one but to one thousand bales.

L.S. Seal of the State affixed, at Jackson, this 31st day of July, A. D., 1866, and of the sovereignty of the State, the forty-eighth.

BENJ. G. HUMPHREYS.

Cotton, and will buy in to one thousand bales.

I will pay twenty cents per pound in the same for cotton, to be delivered next fall same for cotton, and will buy in the content of the same for cotton, and will buy in the cotton.

All communications addressed me at July in the cotton of the same for cotton, and will buy in the cotton.

All communications addressed me at July in the cotton of the same for cotton, and will buy in the cotton. All communications addressed me at Jacon, will have immediate attention.

WM. T. WITHERS HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALI IN PAULDING, MISSISSIPPL THE undersigned offers for sale his dwelling house, which is large and well finished

Lime! Lime!!

MOBILE.

Wholesale and Retail Desire is PHOTOGRAPHS ALR

Blank Books, &c. Our former place of busines he a treet, being conduced intensite to us a thor april, we have removed to the key While he will tashe SCHOOL BOOK

Do murch was to the interser who spe to gualti we will offer the best ind

Law and Medical Books

Am. during the war, is with an placed to see his criends. Mobile, a. S. CARRINGTON, Mer McClintoe, Carrington;

Commission Merchana, 5 South Front, and No. 3 South Cas MOBILE, ALA.

CONSIGNMENTS to our care for without delay. Specification of he and Charges in detail rendered in all on

ROYAL STREET Couler the Buille House. North of the Era

Dealers in all kinds of Western Pro-S. W. Cor. Commerce & St. Louis & T. T. TYREE A CO. COTTON FACTORS 131

orner Commerce and Exchange Stre Mobile, Ala We desire respectfully to call attention to this card, and represent that we will keep constant hands full supply of every article is our list. CHAINS, STEEL, IRON, MILL ROW PLANTATION HARDWARE.

In testimony, whereof, I have COTTON FACTOR

COMMISSION MERCHANIS Mobile, Ala. THE undersigned have associated themselve gether under the above name, and respectfully their seraices as Cotton Factors, General Counties

MRS. C. T. REEVES. The traveiling public can be accommodit and a table which will be supplied with see delicacy that the market affords.

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,

Stamped and Plain Tin. Ware, Water Cooler, Bath Tubs, Toilet-Ware and House Furnis ing Goods, T'n Plate, Block Tin, Sheet inc. Wire Rivets, &c.

Notice to Cotton Planters.

NOW have a large amount of Europe

containing seven rooms, with four acres of land, good kitchen, out houses, garden, lot &c. Price, \$800. Also, his elegant store house. 20 by 40 feet, and lot. Price \$400.

The latter is now used for a Drug Store, and the latter is now used for a

NOTICE is hereby given, that persons living within the corporate limits, who are not able to purchase lime, for the purpose of purfying their premises, can obtain the same without cost, by applying to the City Marshal, and sending to the City Hall for the same.

D. N. BARBOWS,

is a good stand to sell medicines. It is also wis suited for a dry goods store, and a good stand for that business. If desired, he will sell the drugs and furniture on hands for less than S. E. CASTEEL